Q.1 A 19 year old student requires chronic treatment with cyclosporin following kidney transplantation. He complains of a sore throat and is found to have cheesy mucosal plaques in his mouth and oropharynx. Pseudohyphae are seen on PAS stain of a mucosal smear. These findings are consistent with a diagnosis of:
   a) Cryptococcosis.
   b) Histoplasmosis.
   c) Blastomycosis.
   d) Rhinosporidiosis.
   e) Candidiasis.

Q.2 A boy 6 years of age present with a mass in the midline of neck just below the hyoid bone noted 6 months back. It moves with protrusion of tongue. The most probable diagnosis is:
   a) Cystic hygroma.
   b) Thyroglossal duct cyst.
   c) Hemangioma.
   d) Branchial cleft cyst.
   e) Dermoid.

Q.3 Demonstration of an air containing sac in the neck after Valsalva manoeuvre suggests:
   a) Bronchial cleft cyst.
   b) Thyroglossal duct cyst.
   c) Laryngocele.
   d) Zenker's diverticulum.
   e) Cricoaryteroid muscle.