Intermediate Module Examination Paediatrics Table of Specification

No.	Subject(s)	Topic(s)	Subtopic(s)	No. of MCQs
1	Paediatric Medicine	Nutrition	 Maternal nutritional disorders; Impact on fetal outcome Nutrition for the low birth weight Breast feeding Infant feeding including complementary feeding Protein energy malnutrition Vitamin and mineral deficiencies Trace elements of nutritional importance Obesity Adolescent nutrition Nutritional management in diarrhea Nutritional management of systemic illnesses (celiac disease, hepatobiliary disorders, nephrotic syndrome) Parenteral and enteral nutrition in neonates and children 	11
		Pediatrics Emergencies	 Shock ➤ Cardiogenic ➤ Distributive ➤ Hypovolemic ➤ Anaphylactic Congestive Cardiac Failure Cardiopulmonary arrest with basic and advanced pediatric life support 	24
			 Respiratory Failure (requiring mechanical ventilation) Hypothermia and Hyperthermia (Frost bite, heat stroke) Status Epilepticus Status Asthamaticus Upper Respiratory airway obstruction Acid-Base, fluid and electrolyte disturbance Diabetic Ketoacidosis Acute Kidney Injury 	
			Diabetic Ketoacidosis	



		Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome	
		Brain Death	
		Acute Poisoning	
		Snake Bite	
	-	Insect Bite	
		• Dog Bite	111
		Drowning and Submersion injuries	
		Child with Roadside injuries	
		• Burns	
		Electric Injury	
	Infectious	Infection Control/PUO	21
	Diseases	Malaria/Parasitic Infestation	21
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		• Infections in Immunocompromised/Eye	
		Bioterrorism/travel related/animal, human bites	
		Emerging Infections	
		GU,STDs/Fungal Infections	
		Upper Resp Tact Infections	
		Lower Resp Tract Infections	
		Cardiovascular infections	
		Mycobacterial Infection	
		Soft tissue, bone, joint	
		• HIV	
		• Immunization	
		Anti Infective therapy	
		CNS Infections	
		• GI infections	
_	Genetics	GI micetions	07
	Geneties	• Principles of Inheritance (Genes, Mutations,	07
		Variation, Alleles)	
		• Pedigree diagram (AD, AR, X link D, X	
		link R, Polygenic, Single gene defects)	
		Chromosomal defects (Down syndrome ,	
		Edward syndrome, fragile X syndrome,	
		Patau syndrome, XXX syndrome, XYY	
		syndrome, Turner syndrome, Clinefelter	
		syndrome)	
		Since Core Defeat (CE, NE 1, CALL CA	
		• Singel Gene Defect (CF, NF 1, CAH, OI, Ataxia telegenctasia, Friedrich ataxia,	
		Marfan syndrome, Charcot marrie foot	
		disease)	



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	Community and Social	 Multi Factorial / Polygenic Disorders 1 (Heart defects, cleft palate lip, spina bifida, Diaphragmatic hernia) Genetic Diagnosis (Karyotyping, Cytogenetics, New born screening, Carrier testing, Genetic testing, Enzyme assays, Genetic expression test) Prenatal Diagnosis (Amniocentesis, CVS, Down syndrome, NIPT test) National Health Programme (EPI, Breastfeeding initiative, Programme, API 	07
	Pediatrics	Breastfeeding initiative Programme, ARI, IMNCI, TB control Programme, HIV Programme, Diarrheal disease Programme, Nutritional programme, National Malaria Eradication Programme, Vitamin A deficiency programme, Polio Eradication programme, National Iodine deficiency programme, Mental health programme and School programme Child Abuse and Neglect	
		 Legal Laws of Child (National plan of action for child protection, Legal rights of children under laws of pakistan, National Health vision pakistan 2016 – 2025) Govt and NGO for support of children(Unicef pakistan, SOS village, Child Care Foundation of pakistan, Child labour, Child support programme, Save the children pakistan) Prevention and Control of Infection (Cause 	
		Epidimelogy, Measures of prevention communicable disease, Waterborne disease, Soil borne, Food borne, Vector borne, Non communicable disease, Investigation of outbreak of measles, Polio, Haemragic disease, Mumps)	
Basic Sciences	Physiology	 Structural and Functional Organization of the Cells of Body Blood Cardiovascular System Respiration Fluid Balance/Acid-Base Balance/ Renal function Endocrinology 	10
		 Gastrointestinal function Central Nervous System/Autonomic Nervous System Muscle and nerve physiology 	



Pathology	Growth, Growth Hormone Puberty Growth Hormone Physiological actions of growth hormone Indirect anabolic actions of Growth Hormone Control of Growth Hormone Secretion Insulin Like Growth Factor (IGF-1) Specific Properties Cell injury: Atrophy/Hypertrophy / Necrosis/ Gangrene Inflammation: Exudate & Transudate/ Granulomatous/ Non- Granulomatous Hemodynamic disorders: Shock (compensated/ uncompensated) / Edema Neoplasia: Tumor staging and tumor grade/ Benign/ Malignant neoplasm Immunity & Hypersensitivity: Anaphylaxis, Transplantation immunology, Immunodeficiency disorders Hematology: Blood picture/ Anemia (Microcytic/ Megaloblastic) Microbiology: Infection source/ Nosocomial infection/ Important Microbes Bacterial Growth & Death: Gram staining and AFB staining Fungal Diseases: Fungal skin infection/ opportunistic infection Important Parasites: Malaria, Ascariasis, Ancylostomiasis, Amoebiasis, Giardiasis	10
Pharmacology	Central Nervous System Pharmacology • Anticonvulsants > Phenytoin	10



- ➢ Valproic Acid
 - Uses
 - Side-effects
 - Teratogenicity
- Opioid Analgesics
 - > Morphine
 - Uses
 - Toxicity
 - Antidote; naloxone
- Status Epilepticus
 - > First-Line drugs
 - > Route of administration
 - ➢ Side-effects

Antimicrobial Pharmacology

- Anti-Bacterial Agents
 - Bactericidals
 - > Bacteriostatics
 - > Synergy
 - Resistance
 - ➢ Broad-Spectrum antibiotics
- Anti-Tubercular Agents
 - > Treatment duration
 - ➤ Side-Effects of different Anti-Tubercular Agents
- Anti-Viral Agents
 - > Uses and Side effects
- Treatment of HIV/AIDS
- Anti-Fungal Agents
- Anti-Protozoal Agents

Drugs used in Malaria

Respiratory Pharmacology

- Asthma & COPD
 - First Line treatment for Asthma and COPD
 - > Beta Receptor Agonists; their contraindication, bronchodilator reversibility test (albuterol): role and mechanism
 - > Muscarinic Antagonists; their role and side effects
 - > Methacholine Challenge Test; its mechanism

> Glucocorticoids; their role and long-term use, side-effects.

• Theophylline

- ▶ Uses
- Drug Interactions: Erythromycin, Cimetidine and Fluoroquinolones; (CYP450 Inhibition)

Aminophylline

➤ Uses and role of IV Aminophylline in Status Asthamaticus

Antileukotrienes

- ➤ LTD-4 receptor blockers; Zafirlukast and Montelukast
- ➤ Lipooxygenase inhibitors; Zileuton; role in using as an adjunct to steroids

• Status Asthamaticus

➤ First Line Drugs Complications and side-effects.

Glucocorticoids

- > Synthetic Glucocorticoids and their Potency.
- Glucocorticoid versus Mineralocorticoid effect of different synthetic glucocorticoids
- > Side effects on:
 - ❖ ACTH levels
 - Gluconeogenesis
 - Bones; Osteoporosis
 - Electrolyte imbalance;
 Na+/Water retention, edema,
 hypokalemic alkalosis,
 hypocalcemia
 - Skeletal growth of children
 - Wound Healing
- Contraindications.

Long-term use and withdrawal.

Gastrointestinal Pharmacology

Drugs used for constipation

> Laxatives, types, mechanism of



action, indications and side effects

- <u>Anti helminthic drugs</u>, indications and side effects
- Anti emetic drugs, indications and side effects
 - ➤ <u>5-HT3 Antagonists;</u> Role in cancer chemotherapy induced vomiting.
 - Dopamine antagonists; Their pro-kinetic effects and role in cancer chemotherapy induced vomiting. Complications and management, especially Extrapyramidal Symptoms.

Anti-Diarrheal Drugs;

➤ Opiate anti-diarrheals; Loperamide. Its safety, advantages and use in cholera endemics.

Antacids

- ▶ Uses
- ➤ Side-effects: Constipation (Al+++), Diarrhea (Mg++) and Alkalosis (Ca++).

Anti tumor necrosis factors (TNF) drugs

for inflammatory bowel disease, mechanism of action, indications, prerequisite for initiating treatment, monitoring and resistance.

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M.B.B.S. D.C.H.(Pb), M.C.P.3 (Paeds)
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M.C.P.S. (Paeds)
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2. Clinical Examination-----

	Sr.	Content of TOACS	Observed Stations	Marks
(1. Nutrition		2	20
als of	2.	Infectious diseases	2	20
Principals		Pediatric emergency and critical care	3	30
Prin	3. 4.	Genetics	1	10
	5.	Community and social pediatrics	2	20
		Total	10	100

The candidate scoring 60% marks shall be declared pass in clinical examination.

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